Summary of CMMC Compliance Guidelines (NIST 800-53):

- AC-19, Access Control for Mobile Devices
- SC-14, Public Access Protections
- SC-18, Mobile Code
- IR-5, Incident Reporting
- RA-5, Vulnerability Scanning

Summary of Mobile Device Risks and Threats:

Mobile devices are at risk 24/7/365, even when they are powered off. Sophisticated exploitation via Zero-Day or Zero-Click attacks present a threat to your organization that requires continuous “On-Device” protection. The following threats addressed by Zimperium are the most prominent method of attack by hackers:

- Phishing.
- Device.
- Network.
- Mobile Applications.

How Zimperium Uniquely Protects Mobile Devices for CMMC Compliance:

- **z9**: The only fully on-device machine-learning based detection engine, which requires no cloud connection to provide protection. Has detected every mobile exploit over the last 5 years.

- **zIPS**: Mobile threat defense for the entire device, leveraging the z9 engine

- Mobile Application Protection Suite (MAPS)
  - zDefend: An SDK for in-app protection, delivering the same z9 defense as zIPS, for a single application, deployable in minutes
  - zSCAN: Ensures the privacy and security of apps as part of the development process
  - zSHIELD: Obfuscation, optimization, and anti-tampering protection to ensure continuous app integrity and security

- **z3A**: Advanced App Analysis - Deep scanning of mobile applications for privacy and security risks, with associated in-depth reports, providing deep intelligence, including contextual analysis, along with privacy and security scoring.

Mobile Risk

Without MTD, mobile device usage significantly increases risk to access, information, and assets.

z9: Patented detection engine designed for mobile

Zimperium’s technology has detected every known and unknown (Zero Day) mobile exploit over the last five years, including and without updates.